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THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1919.



FOURTEEN PAGES TODAY.

This paper brings the news while it is news to your home when you have the leisure to read. It is your duty to yourself to read the worth-while news.

WALSH SAYS:

It will be an extreme pleasure to design and tailor that new Suit and Overcoat in our usual painstaking way.

We have many beautiful patterns in medium weight, suitable for wear eight months out of every year.

Always pleased to show you.

Walsh
The Tailor

83 South Main St.

NOSE OF "EAGLE" BUILT TO CRUSH GERMAN U-BOATS

Concrete Noses of Ford's New Craft Better Fitted Than Destroyers to Ram Subs. Are Swift Vessels.

DETROIT, Jan. 9.—A long, narrow wedge, with a steel-encased nose of solid concrete, tapered to a knife-like edge, forming a considerable part of its total length of 291 feet, and declared to be capable of crushing any submarine—such is the Eagle, built by Henry Ford and designed originally to help rip the nose of the German U-boat.

Contrary to popular belief the Eagle is not a motor boat, but a self-propelled turbine driven craft, with a cruising radius of 4,000 miles. The Eagle is not a thing of heavy beauty, was not contemplated in its construction. It is a long, gaunt weapon of war, of all-steel construction with the exception of the concrete nose.

Another popular impression that has been shattered is that the Eagle boat is equipped with torpedo tubes. The submarine chaser was not intended to combat the major instrument of German ruthlessness with its own weapons. It was designed to descend rather upon its manning qualities, its powerful light guns and a new American invention for directing its fire at unseen objects.

Has Narrow Beam. The seaworthiness has been demonstrated in official trials, according to reports to the navy department. While it is admitted that the Eagle does not make the speed of the average destroyer, it is claimed that it can outdistance most submarines and the ramming edge of the bow, slightly, but eloquently tells what would have happened had it come in contact with the German U-boat.

Built with utility as its prime purpose, seemingly not an inch of space is wasted in the fitting of the vessel, and not an ounce of superfluous weight enters its construction. When dropped into the water ready for the installation of its engines, guns, etc., less than 200 tons of material have been revealed to shape the Eagle boat.

No Forged Beams. The plates that form the shell of the submarine chaser vary in thickness from 1/2 to 1 1/2 inch, and not a single forged or rolled beam enters their makeup. Every rib, however, is pressed from sheet metal, cut by means of machinery that cuts every piece to an exact pattern, punches rivet holes and bends the interior part to required shape. Amidships rises the deckhouse topped by the pilot house, with radio quarters, and above all the conning tower with

the crown's nest at the highest point. Except for this superstructure, the deck of the Eagle carries always the "stripped" for action appearance.

The first Eagle boat was launched on July 11, 1918, and when the armistice ended hostilities early in November, eight had been completed and 21 others were under construction in various stages of completion. Some of these have arrived at Atlantic coast ports.

Although the sudden cessation of hostilities deprived the Eagle boats of an opportunity to test their prowess against the German U-boat, they are nevertheless to become a part of the American navy, the government having announced its intention to use them as gunboats in coast patrol work, and possibly in insular waters.

The contract for the construction of the Eagle boats, which the government has announced will be carried out, calls for 100 of the vessels for the United States government and 12 for the French navy.

SAY 40,000,000 HUNS WILL VOTE ON JANUARY 19

Election of National Assembly in Germany Will Be Made by Both Men and Women. Plan for Huge Job.

BERLIN, Jan. 9. (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Forty million voters, men and women, must be registered for the election of a national assembly in Germany on Jan. 19. It is estimated by Prof. Hugo Preuss, minister of the interior, in the last Reichstag election the voters, all male, numbered only 14,000,000, he says. They were scattered over 27 election districts.

The new election bill provides for only 28 districts for the whole country, organized in 10,000,000 voters in time for the election, and added:

"The constituent assembly should be thoroughly representative and its mandate above suspicion. We therefore are proceeding with great caution. The suffrage franchise which will be tried out at the coming election is based on a direct, equal, secret ballot for all males and females of 20 years and over. We are now engaged in issuing writs for the election for which 40,000,000 men and women will qualify."

One of the principal details of the national reconstruction of our votes is the original compilation of a list of the qualified women voters. Then the work of organizing and training of returning soldiers that are taking up new residences is also contributing heavily to the work of organizing the election.

"Our aim is to make this popular expression of the new democracy thoroughly representative and comprehensive."

LORD CECIL SAYS THE LEAGUE'S FIRST PEACE DUTY

Asserts Disarming of Nations Is Greatest Problem in Connection With Plan as He Sees It Now.

PARIS, Jan. 9. (By the Associated Press.)—Lord Robert Cecil, who has arrived here with the first section of the British peace delegation, expressed the opinion to the Associated Press that definite organization of a league of nations is indispensable as a first step toward the conclusion of that enduring peace and a satisfactory settlement of international problems which have arisen out of the war.

Lord Robert made it clear that his statements were personal views and not an attempt to give the views of the British government.

In my opinion a league of nations is necessary as the initial step in the peace negotiation," said Lord Robert. "It is not only necessary to insure peace but also for the proper treatment of many international questions which must be considered by peace congresses. Joint international action in an organized and recognized form is necessary in order to relieve millions of people who are at this moment destitute of food and other necessities of life owing to the unsettled condition of the world; to regulate permanently many vital common interests, such as international railways, posts, waterways, telegraph and wireless, the use of the air, public health and the protection of women and juveniles in industry; and to discharge adequately and justly the responsibilities of the great civilized nations in such a great matter as the protection and guidance of backward peoples. It is the sum of all these recognized joint activities, interests and responsibilities that we call by the name of 'league of nations.'"

"It is our business to give this league definite form here and now."

Sees Dangers. "I agree that this congress must regard itself as the first regular meeting of the nations forming the league," he said, "but I think it would be a dangerous policy to let the peace congress drift along aimlessly without reaching a positive organization of a league of nations. Leaving things open is hazardous and gets one nowhere."

Asked how far armaments can be limited by a league of nations, Lord Robert replied:

"That, in my opinion, is probably the most difficult problem the peace conference will face. Before national governments had effective police organizations it was impossible to prevent individuals from carrying out their own will."

"So it is with the league. Individual nations will hardly be able to disarm until they are sure of peace and security through the operation of the league."

More over, how can disarmament be actually enforced? What assurance can we have, for instance, that Germany will create an army more or less secret?"

"The world did not know how extensive Germany was preparing for war. She might develop another force under the guise of militia. These are the difficulties we have to face, but we must endeavor earnestly to secure co-operation between the powers represented at the congress in a broad policy of disarmament which will correspond with the yearnings of all peoples to be relieved as soon as possible from the burdens they have borne for these last four and a half years."

When asked if the conditions were the same with naval forces, Lord Robert replied:

"Nations do not build navies for ofensive purposes. They build them for defensive purposes, for police duties."

BELIEVE TRAIN VICTIM TO BE CHARLES MILLER

While the identity of the man found dead on the tracks of the Illinois Central railroad near Millington, Tenn., seems to indicate that he is the man who was arrested in Vandalia, Ark., for vagrancy, the cause of his death remains a mystery.

Sheriff Perry received another letter from Justice Ison of Vandalia Thursday, which it is believed establishes that the man was arrested Jan. 2 for vagrancy and loitering. The prisoner said he came from Jonesboro, Ark., walking all the way, and was en route to Memphis. He told Justice Ison he had just recovered from a case of influenza. He gave the name of Charles Miller.

The Justice said the town folks bought him a ticket to Memphis where he said he had a brother. Justice Ison said he found the man at that time had everything in his pocket, including \$1.50 in money, thread, comb, shaving soap and a bar of soap. Local officials have been unable to locate the man's brother here, and the body will be interred in the Potter's field by the county undertaker.

Quentin's Slayer Would Fly Here



LIEUT. CHRISTIAN DONHAUSER.

Lieut. Christian Donhauser, German aviator who "modestly" confesses that he shot down Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt, has an ambition. He told of it as a supplement to the story of the battle in which Col. Zwarg's son lost his life. The lieutenant intends to come to the United States and hopes eventually to take out citizenship papers and to fly for Uncle Sam. Lieut. Donhauser was the smallest aviator in the Kaiser's army, weighing only 24 pounds, but from his own recital of his war experiences he was not the smallest in point of efficiency. His best work was a bag of 12 planes in 11 consecutive days.

HIGH PRICES FOR SOME YEARS TO COME

A tendency on the part of business men to hold back new enterprises, in expectation of lower commodity prices and wages, is a mistake, in the opinion of Joseph E. Otis, vice-president and acting head of the Central Trust company of Illinois.

"I have no sympathy with the man who is sitting back, awaiting lower prices," said Mr. Otis today. "The time is going to get left. In other words, I do not believe we are going to see any immediate and drastic decline in commodity prices. There is a world-wide scarcity of many materials and production costs are going to continue abnormally high."

"We have had perhaps a certain amount of inflation. To the extent that present high prices are due to that cause, we can expect no immediate decline. The process of deflation will be gradual."

"If we were all to hold back, awaiting lower prices, we should produce conditions of a sort that would benefit no one. It is the duty of business men to go ahead and meet the opportunities now awaiting. If a manufacturer were to defer building needed additions to his plant in the hope of securing a lower construction cost at some indefinite time in the future, he probably would lose more profits on goods which he might have been producing and selling in the meantime than he will save in cheaper construction costs."

Frank W. Thomas, of A. O. Slaughter & Co., said today:

"If we are all to hold back, awaiting lower prices, we should produce conditions of a sort that would benefit no one. It is the duty of business men to go ahead and meet the opportunities now awaiting. If a manufacturer were to defer building needed additions to his plant in the hope of securing a lower construction cost at some indefinite time in the future, he probably would lose more profits on goods which he might have been producing and selling in the meantime than he will save in cheaper construction costs."

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Friday's Biggest Selling Event! Women's Coats

The Newest, Smartest, Most Wanted Styles That Sold Up to \$34.75

Now Only \$15.50

Rich Silk Plushes, fine Wool Velours, Burellas, Kerseys and Novelty Mixtures—with plain, fur and sealine collars.

The wonder offering of our wonderful January Clearance Sale! Great racks full of new winter coats for women and misses—AT HALF AND LESS THAN HALF FORMER SELLING PRICES! Dozens of stunning models—correct in every detail of design, tailoring and finish—coats that meet every desire of style and service—and at a price that is simply astonishing.

Luxurious Silk Plushes, High-Class Wool Velours, Hand-some Kerseys, Burellas and Fancy Mixtures—newest belted styles and latest collar effects—plain plush and fur trimmed—many of them full lined—all popular colors. The best-looking coats sold this season up to \$34.75 on sale now at \$15.50.

THE BEST PLACE TO SHOP
Goldsmith's
GREATER MEMPHIS' GREATEST STORE

This Rain Maker First Produces A Local Cyclone

BROWNWOOD, Tex., Jan. 9.—Ira Tilton, a local inventor, has obtained a patent on a rain-producing machine, which he says will be placed on the market soon.

It is claimed by scientists who have examined the apparatus that it is perfectly safe and that it should be effective in practice. The machine will be called the "cyclone-rain" because its working basis acts like that of a cyclone.

By means of four powerful chambers, whose total strength will be 2,000 horsepower, the machine will start and maintain for an indefinite number of hours a storm center by forcing upward 2,000,000 cubic feet of air per minute with a velocity of one mile.

The air current made by the machine will be forced to ascend, thus displacing the cool air above it.

The warm air coming in contact with the cool air will cause moisture and precipitation. It is estimated that the rain thus derived from the machine will cover one Texas county and that one machine in every arid county will be sufficient to cause rainfall in plenty.

BLUE MOUNTAIN MAN HOPES TO BE HOME SOON

BLUE MOUNTAIN, Miss., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—Mrs. Ruby Lowrey Buchanan, of Blue Mountain, is in receipt of a letter from France from her husband, Lieut. John H. Buchanan, Baptist chaplain, 70th field artillery, American expeditionary forces, in which Lieut. Buchanan states he hopes to arrive in America in a short time, most of his time of occupation having already been made up and his unit having been transferred from the fighting front to Southern France. He expects to be mustered out at Camp Dix, New Jersey.

Lieut. Buchanan, who is the son-in-law of Dr. W. T. Lowrey, president of Blue Mountain college, though a chaplain in the army, has seen actual service from Argonne wood to the surrender of the Germans at Sedan, sharing the dangers and hardships of the common soldiers and winning recognition as one of the bravest and most patriotic men in his regiment. During his college days he was a star athlete.

EMPLOY DEMONSTRATOR.

GREENWOOD, Miss., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—The board of supervisors of this county is meeting this week employed by E. Turner, who has been serving Carroll county for the last several years, as county demonstrator. Turner's salary was fixed at \$2,000, in addition to which \$600 will be paid for the federal government. Turner is regarded as one of the best living in demonstration work.

SHERIFF BUSY.

GREENWOOD, Miss., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—The sheriff's office at the courthouse has been a busy place for several weeks, since the collecting of the taxes has commenced. Sheriff Garrett states of Thursday that approximately \$200,000 has been collected in personal and real estate taxes. According to the sheriff, few persons have paid their automobile taxes.

Read News Scimitar Wants.

Not Let-Up to the Bargains in Our White Sale

Every department offers wonderful values—assortments are ample—prices are low. Be sure to get your share.

MANY FARMERS ATTEND IMPLEMENT SCHOOL

GREENADA, Miss., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—The gas engine and farm tractor school, which began in Grenada Monday, continues to grow in interest. The public square, where the school is held, is thronged by farmers daily. Trips are being made to nearby farms, where actual work is done. Some farmers are here from the extreme part of the delta and it is generally recognized that these machines demonstrated are the forerunners of many that are destined soon to follow them in the hands of the farmers.

PASTOR OFFICIATES AT 765 WEDDINGS IN YEAR

BRISTOL, Tenn., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—What is probably the record in the state for the number of marriages performed by a single minister in one year, is held here by the Rev. Frank H. Scattergood, pastor of the Central Christian church, who married 765 couples during 1918. Most of these couples came here from Tennessee, North Carolina and Kentucky.

The record set by the late Rev. Alfred Harrison Burroughs, of this city, who married 543 couples in 27 years, will be surpassed by Rev. Scattergood in only seven years, should he maintain his present rate.

NEW ALBANY HOST TO THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL

NEW ALBANY, Miss., Jan. 9. (Spt.)—A conference of Baptist minister and teachers, known as a theological white school, is being held at New Albany. This is one of six appointments for such schools in Mississippi, and will be in session until Jan. 10. The counties composing the district from which this school draws its enrollment are Tishomingo, Itawamba, Monroe, Chickasaw, Union, Calhoun, Marshall, Benton, Tippah, Alcorn, Prentiss and Lee.

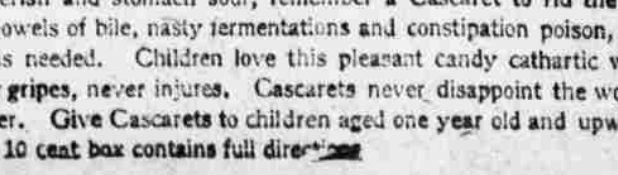
Among the speakers are S. T. James and W. J. McChesney. The program for Wednesday included J. M. Autry, P. I. Lindsey, I. P. Randolph, C. W. Knight, J. J. Mayfield, S. J. James and N. T. Tull and W. J. McChesney.

GAVE WRONG ADDRESS.

The residents of 1837 Nelson avenue state that "Lizzy" Gerber, arrested yesterday in his possession, does not reside there as claimed by him. It was stated that he had not resided there for more than a year and that the principal cause for his moving was the apprehension that he might get into trouble and give that place as his home.

Watch Your Little One Smile

Cascarets clean the clogged-up places, Bring joy to cross little faces. Sell for a dime—"work" every time.



Eggs 10 cent box contains full directions.

The Mathematics of Health includes the addition of a few spoonfuls of Grape-Nuts to the menu daily.

The sum total is an abundance of the vital phosphates and the goodness of our most rugged grains.

Grape-Nuts is a delicious, economical and healthful food.

Requires no Sugar No Waste

Rhenish Officials Urge Division of Germany Into Seven Minor Republics



Among the plans brought forward for the reorganization of Germany is one suggested by Rhenish officials for the formation of seven minor republics which shall be united under one central government along the lines of the

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